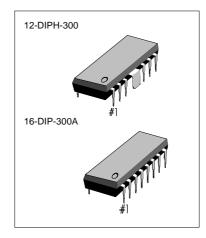
# **KA2206B**

The KA2206B is a monolithic intergrated circuit consisting of a 2-channel power amplifier. It is suitable for stereo and bridge amplifier application of radio cassette tape recorder.

#### **FEATURES**

- High output power
- Stereo :  $P_0 = 2.3W(Typ)$  at  $V_{CC} = 9V$ ,  $R_L = 4\Omega$ . Bridge :  $P_0 = 4.7W$  (Typ) at  $V_{CC} = 9V$ ,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ • Low switching distortion at high frequency.
- Small shock noise at the time of power on/off due to a
- built-in muting circuit
- Good ripple rejection due to a built-in ripple filter.
- Good channel separation.
- Soft tone at the time of output saturation.
- Closed loop voltage gain fixed 45dB (Bridge : 51dB) but availability with external resistor added.
- Minimum number of external parts required.
- Easy to design radiator fin.



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

| Device    | Package     | Operating Temperature |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|
| KS2206B   | 12-DIPH-300 | -20°C ~ +70°C         |
| KS22069BN | 16-DIP-300A |                       |

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

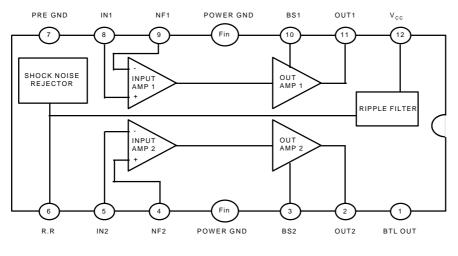


Fig. 1



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Characteristic        | Symbol           | Value      | Unit |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------|------|
| Supply Voltage        | Vcc              | 15         | V    |
| Power Dissipation     | PD               | 4*         | W    |
| Operating Temperature | T <sub>OPR</sub> | -20 ~ +70  | °C   |
| Storage Temperature   | T <sub>STG</sub> | -40 ~ +150 | °C   |

\* Fin is soldering on the PCB

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

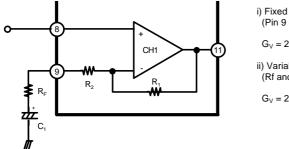
(Ta = 25  $^\circ\text{C},~\text{V}_{\text{CC}}$  = 9V, f = 1KHz R\_G = 600  $\Omega,$  unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic            | Symbol          | Test Conditions                           |                            | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Operating Supply Voltage  | V <sub>CC</sub> |                                           |                            |     | 9   | 11  | V    |
| Quiescent Circuit Current | Iccq            | V <sub>I</sub> = 0, Stereo                |                            |     | 40  | 55  | mA   |
| Closed Loop Voltage Gain  | Gvc             | Stereo                                    | V <sub>I</sub> = -45dBm    | 43  | 45  | 47  | dB   |
|                           |                 | Bridge                                    | 1                          | 49  | 51  | 53  | dB   |
| Channel Balance           | СВ              | Stereo                                    |                            | -1  | 0   | +1  | dB   |
|                           |                 | Stereo                                    | $R_L=4\Omega$ , THD = 10%, | 1.7 | 2.3 |     | W    |
| Ouptut Power              | Po              |                                           | $R_L=8\Omega$ , THD = 10%, |     | 1.3 |     | W    |
|                           |                 | Bridge                                    | $R_L=8\Omega$ , THD = 10%, |     | 4.7 |     | W    |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD             | Stereo                                    | Po=250mW, $R_L = 4\Omega$  |     | 0.3 | 1.5 | %    |
|                           |                 | Bridge                                    |                            |     | 0.5 |     | %    |
| Input Resistance          | RI              |                                           | ·                          | 21  | 30  |     | KΩ   |
| Ripple Rejection Ratio    | RR              | Stereo, $R_G=0\Omega$ , $V_I=150mW$       |                            | 40  | 46  |     | dB   |
|                           |                 | f=100Hz                                   |                            |     |     |     |      |
| Output Noise Voltage      | V <sub>NO</sub> | Stereo, $R_G = 0\Omega$                   |                            |     | 0.3 | 1.0 | mW   |
|                           |                 | Stereo, $R_G = 10 K\Omega$                |                            |     | 0.5 | 2.0 | mV   |
| Cross Talk                | СТ              | Stereo, $R_G$ =10K $\Omega$ , $V_O$ =0dBm |                            | 40  | 55  |     | dB   |



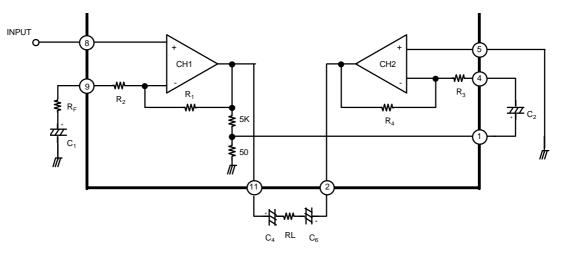
## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

1.Stereo application



i) Fixed voltage gain (Pin 9 connected to GND directly)  $G_V = 20 \log (c \frac{R_1}{R_2})$ ii) Variable voltage gain (Rf and C<sub>1</sub> connected with pin 9)  $G_V = 20 \log \frac{R_1}{R_2 + R_F}$ 

2. Bridge application



i) Fixed voltage gain (Pin 9 connected to GND directly)

$$G_{V} = 20 \log + \frac{R_1}{R_2} B)$$

ii) Variable voltage gain  $R_{\!F}$  and  $C_1$  connected with pin 9)

$$G_V = 20 \log \frac{R_1}{R_2 + R_F}$$

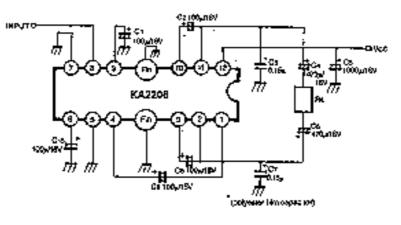


# KA2206B

### **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

1. Stereo Amplifier

2. Bridge Amplifier







12-DIPH-300

